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EDITORIAL

Putting Sarcopenia at the Forefront of Clinical Practice
 Gülistan Bahat and Alfonso Cruz-Jentoft; İstanbul, Turkey, Madrid, Spain

ORGINAL ARTICLES

- Perceptions of Healthcare Services Students on Older Peoples and Ageing Sinan Yenal and Kerziban Yenal; İzmir, Turkey, Lefke, Cyprus/Republic of Turkish
- What is Geriatrics? Geriatrics or Older Adults Health and Diseases? ibrahim Halil Türkbeyler et al.; Gaziantep, Turkey
- Polypharmacy and Related Factors in Geriatric Outpatients
 Pınar Küçükdağlı; İstanbul, Turkey
- Muscle Strength, Sarcopenia and Frailty Associations with Balance and Gait Parameters: A Cross-sectional Study Mateu Serra-Prat and Elisabet Palomera; Mataró, Spain

CASE REPORT

■ A Challenging Hypoactive Delirium Case with Multiple Etiological Considerations

Tuğba Erdoğan et al.; İstanbul, Gaziantep, Turkey







Volume 1

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2019Volume 1





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The editorial processes of the journal are shaped in accordance with the guidelines of the international organizations such as the International Council of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE) (http://www.icmje.org) and the Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE) (http://publicationethics.org).

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2019Volume 1





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The European Journal of Geriatrics and Gerontology accepts invited review articles, research articles, brief reports, case reports, letters to the editor, and images that are relevant to the scope of geriatrics and gerontology, on the condition that they have not been previously published elsewhere. Basic science manuscripts, such as randomized, cohort, cross-sectional, and case control studies, are given preference. All manuscripts are subject to editorial revision to ensure they conform to the style adopted by the journal. There is a double blind kind of reviewing system.

The Editorial Policies and General Guidelines for manuscript preparation specified below are based on "Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing, and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals (ICMJE Recommendations)" by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (2013, archived at http://www.icmje.org).

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European Journal of Geriatrics and Gerontology's editor and Editorial Board members are active researchers. It is possible that they would desire to submit their manuscript to European Journal of Geriatrics and Gerontology. This may be creating a conflict of interest. These manuscripts will not be evaluated by the submitting editor(s). The review process will be managed and decisions made by editor-in-chief who will act independently. In some situation, this process will be overseen by an outside independent expert in reviewing submissions from editors.

Preparation of Manuscript

Manuscripts should be prepared according to ICMJE guidelines (http://www.icmje.org).

Original manuscripts require a structured abstract. Label each section of the structured abstract with the appropriate subheading (Objective, Materials and Methods, Results, and Conclusion). Case reports require short

unstructured abstracts. Letters to the editor do not require an abstract. Research or project support should be acknowledged as a footnote on the title page.

Technical and other assistance should be provided on the title page.

Title Page

Title: The title should provide important information regarding the manuscript's content.

The title page should include the authors' names, degrees, and institutional/professional affiliations, a short title, abbreviations, keywords, financial disclosure statement, and conflict of interest statement. If a manuscript includes authors from more than one institution, each author's name should be followed by a superscript number that corresponds to their institution, which is listed separately. Please provide contact information for the corresponding author, including name, e-mail address, and telephone and fax numbers.

Running Head: The running head should not be more than 40 characters, including spaces, and should be located at the bottom of the title page.

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Abstract

Objective: The abstract should state the objective (the purpose of the study and hypothesis) and summarize the rationale for the study.

Materials and Methods: Important methods should be written respectively.

Results: Important findings and results should be provided here.

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Other types of manuscripts, such as case reports, reviews and others will be published according to uniform requirements. Provide at least 3 keywords below the abstract to assist indexers. Use terms from the Index Medicus Medical Subject Headings List (for randomized studies a CONSORT abstract should be provided (http://www.consort-statement.org).

2019Volume 1





Instructions to Authors

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Original articles should have the following sections;

Introduction: The introduction should include an overview of the relevant literature presented in summary form (one page), and whatever remains interesting, unique, problematic, relevant, or unknown about the topic must be specified. The introduction should conclude with the rationale for the study, its design, and its objective(s).

Materials and Methods: Clearly describe the selection of observational or experimental participants, such as patients, laboratory animals, and controls, including inclusion and exclusion criteria and a description of the source population. Identify the methods and procedures in sufficient detail to allow other researchers to reproduce your results. Provide references to established methods (including statistical methods), provide references to brief modified methods, and provide the rationale for using them and an evaluation of their limitations. Identify all drugs and chemicals used, including generic names, doses, and routes of administration. The section should include only information that was available at the time the plan or protocol for the study was devised on STROBE (http://www.strobe-statement.org).

Statistics: Describe the statistical methods used in enough detail to enable a knowledgeable reader with access to the original data to verify the reported results. Statistically important data should be given in the text, tables and figures. Provide details about randomization, describe treatment complications, provide the number of observations, and specify all computer programs used.

Results: Present your results in logical sequence in the text, tables, and figures. Do not present all the data provided in the tables and/or figures in the text; emphasize and/or summarize only important findings, results, and observations in the text. For clinical studies provide the number of samples, cases, and controls included in the study. Discrepancies between the planned number and obtained number of participants should be explained. Comparisons, and statistically important values (i.e. p value and confidence interval) should be provided.

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Study Limitations: Limitations of the study should be detailed. In addition, an evaluation of the implications of the obtained findings/results for future research should be outlined.

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References

Cite references in the text, tables, and figures with numbers in parentheses. Number references consecutively according to the order in which they first appear in the text. Journal titles should be abbreviated according to the style used in Index Medicus (consult List of Journals Indexed in Index Medicus). Include among the references any paper accepted, but not yet published, designating the journal and followed by, in press. Authors are solely responsible for the accuracy of all references.

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1. List All Authors

Bonanni E, Tognoni G, Maestri M, Salvati N, Fabbrini M, Borghetti D, DiCoscio E, Choub A, Sposito R, Pagni C, Iudice A, Murri L. Sleep disturbancesin elderly subjects: an epidemiological survey in an Italian district. ActaNeurol Scand 2010;122:389-397.

2. Organization as Author

American Geriatrics Society 2015 Updated Beers Criteria Expert panel. American geriatrics society 2015 updated Beer criteria for potentially inappropriate medication use in older adults. J Am Geriatr Soc 2015;63: 2227-2246.

3. Complete Book

Ham RJ, Sloane PD, Warshaw GA, Potter JF, Flaherty E. Ham's primary care geriatrics: a case-based approach, 6th ed. Philadelphia, Elsevier/Saunders, 2014.

4. Chapter in Book

BG Katzung. Special Aspects of Geriatric Pharmacology, In:Bertram G. Katzung, Susan B. Masters, Anthony J. Trevor (Eds). Basic and Clinical Pharmacology. 10th edition, Lange, Mc Graw Hill, USA 2007, pp 983-90.

5. Abstract

Reichenbach S, Dieppe P, Nuesch E, Williams S, Villiger PM, Juni P. Association of bone attrition with knee pain, stiffness and disability; a cross sectional study. Ann Rheum Dis 2011;70:293-8. (abstract).

6. Letter to the Editor

Rovner B. The Role of the Annals of Geriatric Medicine and Research as a Platform for Validating Smart Healthcare Devices for Older Adults. Ann Geriatr. 2017;21:215-216.

7. Supplement

Garfinkel D. The tsunami in 21st century healthcare: The age-related vicious circle of co-morbidity - multiple symptoms - over-diagnosis - over treatment - polypharmacy [abstract]. J Nutr Health Aging 2013;17(Suppl 1):224-227.

2019Volume 1





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Case reports should be structured as follows:

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Case Presentation: This section describes the case in detail, including the initial diagnosis and outcome.

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2019 Volume 1





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2019Volume 1





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CONTENTS

FD	17	-			п
ED	ш	U	K	IΑ	ıL

Putting Sarcopenia at the Forefront of Clinical PracticeGülistan Bahat, Alfonso Cruz-Jentoft; İstanbul, Turkey, Madrid, Spain

ORIGINAL ARTICLES

- **Perceptions of Healthcare Services Students on Older Peoples and Ageing**Sinan Yenal, Kerziban Yenal; İzmir, Turkey, Lefke, Cyprus/Republic of Turkish
- What is Geriatrics? Geriatrics or Older Adults Health and Diseases?

 İbrahim Halil Türkbeyler, Zeynel Abidin Öztürk, Mehmet Göl, Azer Abiyev, Bünyamin Kaya, Selman Atakur, Mehmet Öz;
 Gaziantep, Turkey
- Polypharmacy and Related Factors in Geriatric Outpatients
 Pinar Küçükdağlı; İstanbul, Turkey
- Muscle Strength, Sarcopenia and Frailty Associations with Balance and Gait Parameters: A Cross-sectional Study

Mateu Serra-Prat, Elisabet Palomera; Mataró, Spain

CASE REPORT

A Challenging Hypoactive Delirium Case with Multiple Etiological Considerations
Tuğba Erdoğan, Gülistan Bahat, Birkan İlhan, Mehmet Akif Karan; İstanbul, Gaziantep, Turkey